HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAC
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER	
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS	
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN	
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	1-2
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH	
MAJOR PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL	
OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	3-4
OVER COMPENSIVE REGULED DI THE CIVII ORIZ GUESTIVOLIMINA	
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	5
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	6-
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)	8-1
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Activities	17
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:	
Balance Sheet	1
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	
Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	20-
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	2
PROPRIETARY FUND:	
Statement of Net Position	2
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	2
Statement of Cash Flows	26
FIDUCIARY FUNDS:	
Statement of Net Position	2
Statement of Changes in Net Position	2
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	30-
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A:	5
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	58-
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Capital Outlay Fund	6
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Education Fund	6
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedules	62-
Schedule of Funding Progress	6
Schedule of the School District Contributions – South Dakota Retirement System	6
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) –	
South Dakota Retirement System	6
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	6
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	68-
School District Officials	7



website: www.elocpa.com

e-mail: elo@elocpa.com

Your success is our business!

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board Huron School District No. 2-2 Huron, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Huron School District No. 2-2, South Dakota, as of and for the year then ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 23, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Huron School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Huron, South Dakota



website: www.elocpa.com

e-mail: elo@elocpa.com

Your success is our business!

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

School Board Huron School District No. 2-2 Huron, South Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Huron School District No. 2-2's, Beadle County, South Dakota compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Huron School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Huron School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Huron School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on Huron School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Huron School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Huron School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Huron School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance; such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purposes. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report and our report on compliance for each major federal program are matters of public record and their distribution is not limited.

Huron, South Dakota February 23, 2018

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Section 1 - Summary of At	uuitoi 8 Kesuits	
Financial Statements:		
Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodifie	d	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified:	yesX_no	
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yesX_none reported	d
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes X no	
Federal Awards:		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes X no	
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes <u>X</u> none reported	d
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance	for major programs: Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.156(a).	yesXno	
Identifcation of Major Programs:		
CFDA Number(s) Name of Fede	eral Program or Cluster	
84.010 Title I Grants to	Local Educational Agencies	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$ 750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X YesNo	
Section II - Financial State There are no findings which are required t Government Auditing Standards.	9	/ith
Section III - Federal Award Findin There are no finding or questioned costs re which are required to be reported in accordance	elating to federal award progra	ıms



website: www.elocpa.com

e-mail: elo@elocpa.com

Your success is our business!

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board Huron School District No. 2-2 Huron, South Dakota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Huron School District No. 2-2, Huron, South Dakota, as of June 30, 2017 and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Huron School District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Huron School District No. 2-2 as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of Funding Progress, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of the School District's Contributions listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Huron School District's financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which is required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) listed in the Table of Contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally excepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 23, 2018 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions or laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Huron, South Dakota February 23, 2018

This section of Huron School District No. 2-2's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the School's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- During the year, the School's revenues of \$28,916,556 generated from taxes and other revenues of the governmental and business-type programs were \$145,730 less than the \$29,062,286 in governmental and business-type program expenditures.
- The total cost of the School's programs increased 10% over the prior year.
- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the School's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School government, reporting the School's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The governmental fund statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities that the school operates like businesses. The proprietary funds operated by the school are the Food Service Operation (Fund 51), and Concessions and Drivers Education (Fund 53).
 - Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the School acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the School's financial statements, including the portion of the School government covered and the types of information contained. The reminder of the overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-1

Figure A-1											
Major Features of Huron School's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements											
	Government-	Fund Statements									
	wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds							
Scope	Entire School government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as elementary and high school education programs	Activities the School operates similar to private businesses, the food service operation, preschool, PASS, and the drivers' education program	Instances in which the School is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources.							
Required Financial Statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows 	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position 							
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus							
Type of Asset/Liability Information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the School's funds do not currently contain capital assets although they can							
Type of Inflow/Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid							

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the School's net position and how they have changed. Net position is one way to measure the School's financial health or position.

- Increases or decreases in the School's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the School you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the School's property tax base and changes in the state school aid funding formula from the State of South Dakota.

The government-wide financial statements of the School are reported in two categories:

- Governmental Activities This category includes the School's basic instructional services, such as elementary and high school educational programs, support services (guidance counselor, executive administration, board of education, fiscal services, etc.), debt service payments, extracurricular activities (sports, debate, music, etc.) and capital equipment purchases. Property taxes, state grants, and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type Activities The school charges a fee to students to help cover the costs of providing breakfast and hot lunch services to all students. The Food Service Fund and the Enterprise Funds (Drivers Ed, and Concessions) are the only business-type activities of the School.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School's most significant funds – not the School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the School uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- State Law requires some of the funds.
- The School Board establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes.

The School has three kinds of funds:

• Governmental Funds – Most of the School's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at the year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

- Proprietary Funds Services for which the School charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both short- and long-term financial information. The Food Service, Drivers Education, and Concessions Enterprise funds are the only proprietary funds maintained by the School.
- Fiduciary Funds The School is the trustee, or fiduciary, for various external and internal parties. The School is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the School's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of net position and a statement of changes in net position. We exclude these activities from the School's government-wide financial statements because the School cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The School's combined net position increased as follows:

Table A-1 Huron School District No. 2-2 Statement of Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	one Activities	Tot	Percentage Change		
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016-2017	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 18,479,006	\$ 13,164,811	\$ 421,424	\$ 540,644	\$ 18,900,430	\$ 13,705,455	-27.49%	
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)	34,191,569	35,243,890	366,513	317,950	34,558,082	35,561,840	2.90%	
Total Assets	52,670,575	48,408,701	787,937	858,594	53,458,512	49,267,295	-7.84%	
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	5,455,067	5,750,041		_	5,455,067	5,750,041	5.41%	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,455,067	5,750,041			5,455,067	5,750,041	5.41%	
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	31,509,288	32,189,118	8,456	8,767	31,517,744	32,197,885	2.16%	
Other Liabilities	2,710,714	2,506,216	59,953	66,735	2,770,667	2,572,951	-7.14%	
Total Liabilities	34,220,002	34,695,334	68,409	75,502	34,288,411	34,770,836	1.41%	
Taxes Levied for Future Period	5,211,661	5,156,646			5,211,661	5,156,646	-1.06%	
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	4,247,090	69,167			4,247,090	69,167	-98.37%	
Unearned Revenues			13,949		13,949		-100.00%	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,458,751	5,225,813	13,949		9,472,700	5,225,813	-44.83%	
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,682,281	7,200,718	366,513	317,950	3,048,794	7,518,668	146.61%	
Restricted	8,986,424	6,096,849			8,986,424	6,096,849	-32.15%	
Unrestricted	2,778,184	940,028	353,015	465,142	3,131,199	1,405,170	-55.12%	
Total Net Position	14,446,889	14,237,595	719,528	783,092	15,166,417	15,020,687	-0.96%	
Beginning Net Position	14,049,673	14,446,889	1,017,810	719,528	15,067,483	15,166,417	0.66%	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 397,216	\$ (209,294)	\$ (298,282)	\$ 63,564	\$ 98,934	\$ (145,730)	-247.30%	
Percentage of Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	2.83%	-1.45%	-29.31%	8.83%	0.66%	-0.96%		

The District's combined net position of approximately \$15 million is approximately \$47,000 or 1% less than on June 30, 2016.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources. The statement presents the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in order of relative liquidity. The liabilities with average maturities greater than one year are reported in two components – the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year. The long-term liabilities of the school, consisting of compensated absences payable and bonds, capital outlay certificates and other loans have been reported in this manner on the Statement of Net Position. The difference between the school's assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is its net position.

Changes in Net Position

The district's total revenues (excluding transfers) totaled \$28,916,556 (See Table A-4). This was approximately a 10% increase. Approximately 40% of the district's revenue comes from property and other taxes, with another 35% from state aid. (See Table A-2.)

Table A-2 Huron School District No. 2-2 Sources of Revenues Fiscal Year 2016-2017

Taxes	\$ 11,570,590	40.01%
State Sources	10,237,553	35.40%
Operating And Capital Grants & Contributions	5,386,211	18.63%
Charges for Services	924,806	3.20%
Other Revenues	732,668	2.53%
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	64,728	0.23%
	_	
Total Revenue	\$ 28,916,556	100.00%

Total cost of all programs and services increased by approximately 10%. The district's expenses totaled \$29,062,286. (See Table A-4). The School's expenses cover a range of services, encompassing instruction, support services, interest on long term debt, co-curricular activities, food services, drivers' education and concessions. (See Table A-3.)

Table A-3 Huron School District No. 2-2 Statement of Expenditures Fiscal Year 2016-2017

Instruction	\$ 15,782,460	54.28%
Support Services	9,179,498	31.59%
Food Service	1,586,524	5.46%
Interest - on Long-Term Debt	1,021,742	3.52%
Cocurricular Activities	972,801	3.35%
Community Services	222,527	0.77%
Concessions	149,919	0.52%
Nonprogrammed charges	142,199	0.49%
Drivers Education	4,616	0.02%
Total Expenditures	\$ 29,062,286	100.00%

GOVERNMENTAL AND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Table A-4 and the narrative that follows consider the operations of the governmental activities and the business-type activities of the school.

Table A-4 Huron School District 2-2 Changes in Net Position

		Chan	ges in Net Position				
							Total Percentage
	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Ta	Change	
	2016	2017	2016 2017		2016	2017	2016-2017
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 204,507	\$ 241,428	\$ 669,291	\$ 683,378	\$ 873,798	\$ 924,806	5.84%
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,777,233	4,269,306	1,039,155	1,108,660	4,816,388	5,377,966	11.66%
Capital Grants and Contributions			161,191	8,245	161,191	8,245	100.00%
General Revenues							
Taxes	11,400,981	11,570,590			11,400,981	11,570,590	1.49%
Revenue State Sources	8,227,265	10,237,553			8,227,265	10,237,553	24.43%
Unrestricted Investmet Earnings	62,532	60,388	2,589	4,340	65,121	64,728	-0.60%
Other General Revenues	847,338	732,668			847,338	732,668	-13.53%
Total Revenues	24,519,856	27,111,933	1,872,226	1,804,623	26,392,082	28,916,556	9.57%
Expenses							
Instruction	12,580,026	15,782,460			12,580,026	15,782,460	25.46%
Support Services	9,676,052	9,179,498			9,676,052	9,179,498	-5.13%
Community Services	208,076	222,527			208,076	222,527	6.95%
Nonprogrammed Charges	108,484	142,199			108,484	142,199	31.08%
Interest on Long Term Debt	1,148,009	1,021,742			1,148,009	1,021,742	-11.00%
Cocurricular Activities	901,993	972,801			901,993	972,801	7.85%
Food Service			1,514,775	1,586,524	1,514,775	1,586,524	4.74%
Other Enterprise Activity	_		155,733	154,535	155,733	154,535	-0.77%
Total Expenses	24,622,640	27,321,227	1,670,508	1,741,059	26,293,148	29,062,286	10.53%
Excess (Deficiency) Before Transfers	(102,784)	(209,294)	201,718	63,564	98,934	(145,730)	-247.30%
Transfers	500,000		(500,000)				0.00%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	397,216	(209,294)	(298,282)	63,564	98,934	(145,730)	-247.30%
Beginning Net Position	14,049,673	14,446,889	1,017,810	719,528	15,067,483	15,166,417	0.66%
Ending Net Position	\$ 14,446,889	\$ 14,237,595	\$ 719,528	\$ 783,092	\$ 15,166,417	\$ 15,020,687	-0.96%

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Revenues for the School's governmental activities increased approximately 10% due primarily to increases in ad valorem taxes and state aid. Property taxes did increase in General, Capital Outlay and Special Ed Funds due to increased valuations.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Net position of the School's business-type activities increased approximately \$63,564.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

Overall the governmental funds have a 2.2 million dollar decrease in fund balance over last year. The main cause was the final capital outlays for the tennis courts, artificial turf, and tiger stadium improvements.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the School Board revised the School budget several times. These amendments fall into three categories:

- Supplemental appropriations and contingency transfers approved for unanticipated, yet necessary, expenses to provide for items necessary for the education program of this district.
- Increases in appropriations, primarily by contingency transfer, to prevent budget overruns.

There were budget changes for the year due to needing additional funding for general operating expenses in the General Fund.

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

By the end of 2017, the School had invested \$34,191,569 (net of depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets, including, land, buildings, various machinery and equipment. (See Table A-5.) The increase in capital assets is mainly due to the remodel/addition at Madison and Washington elementary schools.

Table A-5
HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT - Capital Assets
(net of depreciation)

								Total	Total		
	Governmental				Busine	ss-type	?		Dollar	Percentage	
	Activities			Activities					Change	Change	
	2016	_	2017	2016		2017		2016-2017		2016-2017	
Land	\$ 1,107,646	\$	1,107,646	\$		\$		\$		0.00%	
Construction in progress	8,809,931		_						(8,809,931)	-100.00%	
Buildings	22,232,113		31,976,782				-		9,744,669	43.83%	
Machinery and equipment	2,041,879		2,159,462		366,513		317,950		69,020	3.38%	
Total Capital Assets (Net)	\$ 34,191,569	\$	35,243,890	\$	366,513	\$	317,950	\$	1,003,758	2.94%	

This year's capital asset purchases of 2,308,606 were mainly the tennis courts, artificial turf, tiger stadium improvements, and a variety of smaller purchases.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At year-end the School had \$31,509,288 in general long term obligations. See individual balances as shown on Table A-6 below.

Table A-6
HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT - Outstanding Debt and Obligations

	G	overnmer Activities	 Busine Activ	ss-type vities			Total Dollar Change	Total Percentage Change	
	2016		2017	 2016		2017	2016-2017		2016-2017
General Obligation bonds	\$ 19,465,0	00 5	18,960,000	\$ 	\$		\$	(505,000)	-2.59%
Unamoritize premium	1,733,9	94	1,658,604					(75,390)	-4.35%
Capital outlay certificates	7,845,0	00	7,075,000					(770,000)	-9.82%
Unamoritize premium	157,0	14	139,568					(17,446)	-11.11%
Capital lease	121,8	27						(121,827)	-100.00%
Other loans	1,699,4	00	1,523,460					(175,940)	-10.35%
Compensated Absences	110,3	76	115,563	8,456		8,767		5,498	4.63%
OPEB	376,6	77	361,493					(15,184)	-4.03%
Total Outstanding Debt and Obligations	\$ 31,509,2	88 5	29,833,688	\$ 8,456	\$	8,767	\$	(1,675,289)	-5.32%

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

One of the primary sources of revenue to the School is based on a per student allocation received from the State of South Dakota. In FY17, the state aid formula for the current year ensures that property taxes plus state aid will equal \$4,876.76 per pupil.

The school's enrollment for the last 2 years was as follows:

		Percent (Decrease) in
YEAR	ADM	ADM
2017	2536	2.59%
2016	2472	4.25%

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances and to demonstrate the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Huron School District's Business Office, 150 5th Street Southwest, Huron, SD 57350.

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – GOVERNMENT-WIDE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		PRIMARY GO		
		RNMENTAL TIVITIES	NESS-TYPE TIVITIES	 TOTAL
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,754,404	\$ 446,759	\$ 7,201,163
Taxes receivable		5,312,650		5,312,650
Inventories			44,554	44,554
Other assets		1,097,757	49,331	1,147,088
Capital assets:				
Land		1,107,646		1,107,646
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		34,136,244	 317,950	 34,454,194
TOTAL ASSETS		48,408,701	 858,594	 49,267,295
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURSES:				
Pension related deferred outflows	-	5,750,041	 	 5,750,041
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURSES:		5,750,041	 	 5,750,041
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable		570,602	14,514	585,116
Other current liabilities		1,935,614	24,776	1,960,390
Unearned revenue			27,445	27,445
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year		1,609,339	5,000	1,614,339
Due in more than one year		30,579,779	 3,767	 30,583,546
TOTAL LIABILITIES		34,695,334	 75,502	 34,770,836
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURSES:				
Property taxes levied for future period		5,156,646		5,156,646
Pension related deferred inflows		69,167	 	 69,167
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURSES:		5,225,813	 	 5,225,813
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets		7,200,718	317,950	7,518,668
Restricted for:				
Capital outlay		1,844,022		1,844,022
Special education		774,259		774,259
Pension		50,350		50,350
Debt services		90,825		90,825
Auditorium		11,949		11,949
SDRS pension purposes		3,325,444		3,325,444
Unrestricted		940,028	 465,142	 1,405,170
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	14,237,595	\$ 783,092	\$ 15,020,687

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – GOVERNMENT-WIDE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			····a	NET (EXPENSE) CHANGES IN N				ITION					
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS	EXPENSES		CHARGES FOR ENSES SERVICES		PROGRAM REVENU OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental Activities: Instruction Support services Community services Nonprogrammed charges Interest - on long-term debt* Cocurricular activities	\$	15,782,460 9,171,253 222,527 142,199 1,021,742 972,801	\$	119,837 15,138 106,453	\$	4,268,926 380 	\$	- - - - -	\$	(11,393,697) (9,155,735) (222,527) (142,199) (1,021,742) (866,348)	\$	 	\$ (11,393,697) (9,155,735) (222,527) (142,199) (1,021,742) (866,348)
Total Governmental Activities		27,312,982		241,428		4,269,306				(22,802,248)			 (22,802,248)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: Food service Concessions Driver's sducation		1,586,524 149,919 4,616		477,761 172,347 33,270		1,108,660 		 		 		(103) 22,428 28,654	(103) 22,428 28,654
Total Business-Type Activities		1,741,059		683,378		1,108,660						50,979	 50,979
Total Primary Government	\$	29,054,041	\$	924,806	\$	5,377,966	\$			(22,802,248)		50,979	 (22,751,269)
	relate This a				Taxe Rev Unr Othe	AL REVENUM es: Property Tax Gross Receipt enue from Sta State aid estricted inve- er general rev nsfers	es s taxes te Sources: tment earnin	gs		11,144,861 425,729 10,237,553 60,388 732,668 (8,245)		 4,340 8,245	11,144,861 425,729 10,237,553 64,728 732,668
						Total General	Revenues and	Transfers		22,592,954		12,585	 22,605,539
						Change in	Net Position			(209,294)		63,564	(145,730)
					NET PO	OSITION - Beg	inning of Yea	r		14,446,889		719,528	 15,166,417
					NET PO	SITION -End	of Year		\$	14,237,595	\$	783,092	\$ 15,020,687

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	 GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	SPECIAL DUCATION FUND	OTHER ERNMENTAL FUNDS	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,532,063	\$ 2,139,226	\$ 929,991	\$ 153,124	\$	6,754,404
Taxes receivablecurrent	2,074,676	1,579,690	832,737	669,543		5,156,646
Taxes receivabledelinquent	79,368	40,288	15,289	21,059		156,004
Accounts receivable	284,573					284,573
Due from other government	624,603		188,581			813,184
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 6,595,283	\$ 3,759,204	\$ 1,966,598	\$ 843,726	\$	13,164,811
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 255,208	\$ 295,204	\$ 20,190	\$ 	\$	570,602
Contracts payable	1,235,521		248,620			1,484,141
Payroll deductions and withholding and						
employer matching payable	375,970		75,503			451,473
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,866,699	295,204	344,313			2,506,216
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes	79,368	40,288	15,289	21,059		156,004
Property taxes levied for future period	2,074,676	1,579,690	832,737	669,543		5,156,646
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,154,044	1,619,978	848,026	690,602		5,312,650
Fund Balances:						
Restricted						
Capital outlay		1,844,022				1,844,022
Special education			774,259			774,259
Pension				50,350		50,350
Debt service				90,825		90,825
Auditorium				11,949		11,949
Unassigned	2,574,540					2,574,540
Total Fund Balances	2,574,540	1,844,022	774,259	153,124		5,345,945
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 6,595,283	\$ 3,759,204	\$ 1,966,598	\$ 843,726	\$	13,164,811

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 5,345,945
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	35,243,890
Pension related deferred outflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	5,750,041
Deliquent taxes receivable not available to pay current year expenditures are deferred in the funds	156,004
Pension related deferred inflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(2,424,597)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, other post employment benefits, and accrued vacation are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(29,833,688)
Net Position-Governmental Funds	\$ 14,237,595

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

REVENUES: Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes Prior years' ad valorem taxes Tax deed revenue	\$	4,533,957 82,447 1,171	\$	3,314,776	\$			
Taxes: Ad valorem taxes Prior years' ad valorem taxes	\$	82,447	s	3,314,776	C			
Ad valorem taxes Prior years' ad valorem taxes	\$	82,447	\$	3,314,776	C			
Prior years' ad valorem taxes	S	82,447	\$	3,314,776	e			
•		,			UP .	1,480,989	\$ 1,567,757	\$ 10,897,479
Tax deed revenue		1,171		41,197		15,967	21,948	161,559
				65		23	34	1,293
Utility taxes		425,729						425,729
Penalties and interest on taxes		15,263		9,150		3,562	4,745	32,720
Revenue from Local Governmental Units								
Other Than LEAs:								
Revenue in lieu of taxes		7,373						7,373
Tuition and Fees:		,						,
Regular day school tuition		117,283				2,554		119,837
Earnings on Investments and Deposits		29,767		19,780		8,675	2,166	60,388
Cocurricular Activities:		,		· ·			, in the second	,
Admissions		79,133					4,104	83,237
Other pupil activity income		23,216					,	23,216
Other Revenue from Local Sources:		-,						-,
Rentals		43,610						43,610
Contributions and donations		12,456		10,000				22,456
Services Provided Other LEAs		15,138						15,138
Services provided other school districts						380		380
Charges for services		40,479				153,972		194,451
Other		155,313				681		155,994
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:		,-						,-
County Sources:								
County apportionment		234,324						234,324
Revenue from State Sources:								
Grants-in-Aid:								
Unrestricted grants-in-aid		10,237,553						10,237,553
Restricted grants-in-aid		662				1,740,939		1,741,601
Tuition:						, ., .,		, ,
Regular		105,955						105,955
Revenue from Federal Sources:								,
Grants-in-Aid:								
Restricted grants-in-aid received from								
federal government through the state		1,751,976				669,394		2,421,370
Other Federal Revenue		74,460						74,460
TOTAL REVENUES:		17,987,265		3,394,968		4,077,136	 1,600,754	 27,060,123

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017
(CONTINUED)

	G	ENERAL FUND	CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	EDU	ECIAL CATION UND	GOVE	THER RNMENTAL UNDS	GOVI	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
EXPENDITURES:			 						
Instruction:									
Regular Programs:									
Elementary	\$	4,335,114	\$ 298,190	\$		\$		\$	4,633,304
Middle/junior high		1,980,458	180,623						2,161,081
High school		2,736,702	206,298						2,943,000
Preschool services		3,610	_						3,610
Special Programs:									
Programs for special education			1,800		2,862,390				2,864,190
Culturally different		802,944	_						802,944
Educationally deprived		923,954							923,954
Support Services:									
Pupils:									
Attendance and social work		173,237	_		26,841				200,078
Guidance		418,820	_		12,069				430,889
Health		98,038	_		95,542				193,580
Psychological		173			222,389				222,562
Speech pathology					459,412				459,412
Student therapy services			_		150,924				150,924
Instructional Staff:									
Improvement of instruction		372,209	2,000		2,031				376,240
Educational media		607,807	175,571						783,378
General Administration:									
Board of education		192,236	771						193,007
Executive administration		235,813	2,000						237,813
School Administration:									
Office of the principal		795,505	_						795,505
Other		323,752	7,093						330,845
Business:									
Fiscal services		363,600	3,715						367,315
Facilities acquisition and construction			435,526				5,277		440,803
Operation and maintenance of plant		2,178,730	260,656						2,439,386
Pupil transportation		687,092	7,564						694,656
Food services		72,641	24,996						97,637
Central:									
Staff		1,545							1,545

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (CONTINUED)

	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
EXPENDITURES:					
Special Education:					
Administrative costs	\$	\$	\$ 173,952	\$	\$ 173,952
Other special education costs			109,859		109,859
Community Services:					
Recreation	34,964				34,964
Custody and care of children	141,723				141,723
Nonpublic school	41,272				41,272
Nonprogrammed Charges:					
Early Retirement Payments				142,199	142,199
Debt Services		1,265,708		1,421,637	2,687,345
Cocurricular Activities:					
Male activities	339,059				339,059
Female activities	299,237				299,237
Combined activities	246,534	25,344			271,878
Capital Outlay	20,074	2,288,532			2,308,606
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	18,426,843	5,186,387	4,115,409	1,569,113	29,297,752
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(439,578)	(1,791,419)	(38,273)	31,641	(2,237,629)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	330,621				330,621
Transfers out		(319,780)	(8,675)	(2,166)	(330,621)
Sale of surplus property	9,107	<u></u>			9,107
Compensation for loss of capital asset	400				400
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	340,128	(319,780)	(8,675)	(2,166)	9,507
Net Change in Fund Balances	(99,450)	(2,111,199)	(46,948)	29,475	(2,228,122)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	2,673,990	3,955,221	821,207	123,649	7,574,067
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$ 2,574,540	\$ 1,844,022	\$ 774,259	\$ 153,124	\$ 5,345,945

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (2,228,122)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
This amount represents capital asset purchases which are reported as expenditures on the fund financial statements but increase assets on the government wide statements.	2,308,606
The receipt of donated capital assets is not reported on the fund statements but is reported as a program revenue on the government wide statements.	7,967
This amount represents the current year depreciation expense reported in the statement of activites which is not reported on the fund financial statements because it does not require the use of current financial resources.	(1,244,392)
In the statement of activities gain and losses of \$10,299 on disposal of capital are reported, whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds of \$9,507 from the disposal of capital assets is reflected, regardless of whether a gain or loss is realized (+gains -losses -proceeds =amount).	(19,860)
Payment of the principal on ling-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	1,665,603
In both the government-wide and the fund financial statements, revenues from property tax levies are applied to finance the budget of a particular period. Accounting for revenues from property tax accruals in the funds' statements differs from the accounting in the government wide statements in that the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available". This amount reflects the application of both the application period	
and "availability crieteria".	51,810
Governmental funds recognize expenditures for amounts of compensated absences and early retirement benefits actually paid to employees with current financial resources during the fiscal year. Amounts of compensated absences earned by employees are not recognized in the funds. In the statement of activities, expenses for these benefits are recognized when the employees earn leave credits or elect to retire early. Other postemployment benefits Compensated absences (5,187)	9,997
Changes in the pension related deferred outflows/inflows are direct components of pension liability (asset) and are not reflected in the governmental funds.	(760,903)

\$ (209,294)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2017

				ENTERPRISE FUNDS				
	FOOD		-	THER				
		ERVICE		ERPRISE				
		FUND		UNDS		TOTAL		
ASSETS:								
Current Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	307,008	\$	139,751	\$	446,759		
Accounts Receivable		7,503				7,503		
Due from other government		41,828				41,828		
Inventory of supplies		8,172		1,401		9,573		
Inventory of stores purchased for resale		19,402		4,168		23,570		
Inventory of donated food		11,411				11,411		
Total Current Assets		395,324		145,320		540,644		
Capital Assets:								
Machinery and equipmentlocal funds		583,520		33,156		616,676		
Machinery and equipmentfederal assistance		7,918				7,918		
Accumulated depreciation		(283,698)		(22,946)		(306,644)		
Capital Assets - Net		307,740		10,210		317,950		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	703,064	\$	155,530	\$	858,594		
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION:								
Liabilites:								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	13,941	\$	573	\$	14,514		
Contract payable		12,507		9,117		21,624		
Payroll deductions and withholdings		2,051		1,101		3,152		
Unearned revenue		27,445				27,445		
Total Current Liabilities		55,944		10,791		66,735		
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Accrued leave payable		8,767				8,767		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		8,767				8,767		
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets		307,740		10,210		317,950		
Unrestricted net position		330,613		134,529		465,142		
Total Net Position		638,353		144,739		783,092		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	703,064	\$	155,530	\$	858,594		

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS					
	FOOD	OTHER	-			
	SERVICE	ENTERPRISE				
	FUND	FUND	TOTAL			
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Sales:						
To pupils	\$ 375,831	\$ 171,740	\$ 547,571			
To adults	16,580		16,580			
A la carte	63,018		63,018			
Other	22,332	33,877	56,209			
Total Operating Revenue	477,761	205,617	683,378			
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Salaries	626,136	74,771	700,907			
Employee benefits	192,912	8,265	201,177			
Purchased services	24,750	1,613	26,363			
Supplies	51,667	6,121	57,788			
Cost of sales - purchased food	531,901	62,216	594,117			
Cost of sales - donated food	102,821	, <u></u>	102,821			
Depreciation - local funds	48,999	1,549	50,548			
Total Operating Expenses	1,579,186	154,535	1,733,721			
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,101,425)	51,082	(1,050,343)			
NONOPERATING REVENUES:						
Local Sources:						
Investment earnings	3,178	1,162	4,340			
State Sources:	2,2.0	-,	-,			
Cash reimbursements	6,307		6,307			
Federal Sources:	3,2 3 1		2,2 2 .			
Cash reimbursements	993,008	<u></u>	993,008			
Donated food	109,345		109,345			
Total Nonoperating Revenue	1,111,838	1,162	1,113,000			
NONOPERATING EXPENSES:						
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	6,995	343	7,338			
Total Nonoperating Expene	6,995	343	7,338			
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	3,418	51,901	55,319			
	0.245		0.245			
Capital Contributions	8,245		8,245			
Change in Net Position	11,663	51,901	63,564			
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	626,690	92,838	719,528			
NET POSITION - End of Year	\$ 638,353	\$ 144,739	\$ 783,092			

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	ENTERPRISE F				'UNDS			
	SE	FOOD ERVICE FUND	ENT	OTHER TERPRISE FUND	7	TOTALS		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITES:		CIID		CIVE		OTTLO		
Cash receipts from customers	\$	487,936	\$	205,617	\$	693,553		
Cash payments to suppliers	•	(822,529)	•	(75,149)	,	(897,678)		
Cash payments to employees		(619,794)		(69,341)		(689,135)		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING								
ACTIVITIES		(954,387)		61,127		(893,260)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITES:								
Cash reimbursements - state		6,307				6,307		
Cash reimbursements - federal		1,004,144				1,004,144		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITES		1,010,451				1,010,451		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITES:								
Loss on disposal of assets				(1,078)		(1,078)		
NET CASH (USED) BY CAPITAL FINANCING				()/		() = -)		
ACTIVITES				(1,078)		(1,078)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES:								
Interest earnings		3,178		1,162		4,340		
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES		3,178		1,162		4,340		
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		59,242		61,211		120,453		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year		247,766		78,540		326,306		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of Year	\$	307,008	\$	139,751	\$	446,759		

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (CONTINUED)

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS					
	-	FOOD SERVICE FUND	ENT	THER ERPRISE FUND		TOTALS
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO						
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(1,101,425)	\$	51,082	\$	(1,050,343)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to						
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:						
Depreciation expense		48,999		1,549		50,548
Noncash cost of sales - commodities		102,821				102,821
Change in Assets and Liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		(3,321)				(3,321)
Inventories		(894)		836		(58)
Accounts and other payables		(10,582)		(227)		(10,809)
Accrued wages payable		(3,481)		7,887		4,406
Unearned Revenue		13,496				13,496
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITES	\$	(954,387)	\$	61,127	\$	(893,260)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITES:						
Value of commodities received	\$	109,345	\$		\$	109,345
Capital assets purchased by the capital outlay fund	\$	8,245	\$		\$	8,245

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND	AGENCY FUNDS		
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 189,257	\$ 207,362		
TOTAL ASSETS	189,257	207,362		
LIABILITIES:				
Amounts held for others		207,362		
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for school scolarship	189,257			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 189,257	\$ 207,362		

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND				
ADDITIONS:	<u> </u>	STFOND			
Contributions and donations	\$	17,432			
Other additions		1,508			
Total Additions		18,940			
DEDUCTIONS:					
Trust deductions for scholarships		15,787			
Total Deductions		15,787			
Change in Net Position		3,153			
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year		186,104			
NET POSITION - End of Year	\$	189,257			

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Huron School District No. 2-2, consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable if its Governing Board appoints a voting majority of another organization's governing body and it has the ability to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the School District (primary government). The School District may also be financially accountable for another organization if that organization is fiscally dependent on the School District. The School District has no component units.

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the School District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources, in a net position form (assets minus liabilities equal net position). Net position is displayed in three components, as applicable, net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

b. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>: (continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the School District financial reporting entity are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – A fund established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the School District, excluding the capital outlay fund and special education fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Types – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Outlay Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Special Education Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the School District. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

b. Basis of Presentation: (continued)

Governmental Funds: (continued)

Pension Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-10-6 for the purpose of paying pensions to retired employees of school districts, which have established such systems, paying the School District's share of retirement plan contributions, and for funding early retirement benefits to qualifying employees. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is not a major fund.

Auditorium Building Fund – A fund established by SDCL 6-4-1 for the purpose of erecting or remodeling an auditorium, coliseum, public gymnasium, or public community house and for the acquisition of sites and equipment therefore. This is not a major fund.

Debt Service Fund Types – Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Bond Redemption Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-16-13 to account for the proceeds of a special property tax restricted to use for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt. This fund is the only debt service fund maintained by the School District. This is not a major fund.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met:

1. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government of component unit - even if that government is not expected to make any payments - is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

b. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>: (continued)

Proprietary Funds: (continued)

Enterprise Funds: (continued)

- 2. Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
- 3. The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Food Service Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

The Enterprise Fund is an enterprise fund maintained by the School District for concessions and driver's education. It is not a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary Funds consist of the following sub-categories and are never considered to be major funds:

Private-Purpose Trust Fund Types – private-purpose trust funds are used to account for all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other organizations. The School District maintains the following private-purpose trust funds: Harrigle, Kittinger, Peppers and Huron Community Scholarship Trusts and their purpose is scholarships.

Agency Funds – agency funds are used to account for resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Since agency funds are custodial in nature they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The School District maintains agency funds to hold assets as an agent in a trustee capacity for various classes, clubs, and so on.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus

Measurement Focus:

Government-Wide Financial Statements: In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

c. <u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u>: (continued)

Measurement Focus: (continued)

Fund Financial Statements: In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental funds, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Basis of Accounting:

Government-Wide Financial Statements: In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements: All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, and for the Huron School District No. 2-2, the length of that cycle is sixty days.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Reported deferred revenues are those where asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

All proprietary and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

d. Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified, as follows:

1. In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns, except for the net, residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as Internal Balances.

Fund Financial Statements:

Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund receivables are reported as Nonspendable Fund balance to the extent that the proceeds from the collection of those receivables are not Restricted, Committed, or Assigned, and are reported in the appropriate fund balance category. Current portions of interfund receivables are considered "available spendable resources" and are reported in the appropriate fund balance category.

e. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at the estimated fair value on the date donated. Reported cost values include ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into its intended location and condition for use. Subsequent to initial capitalization, improvements or betterments that are significant and which extend the useful life of a capital asset are also capitalized.

For governmental activities capital assets, construction-period interest is not capitalized, in accordance with USGAAP, while for capital assets used in business-type activities/proprietary fund's operations, construct period interest is capitalized in accordance with USGAAP.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

e. Capital Assets: (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements: (continued)

The total June 30, 2017 balance of capital assets for governmental activities includes approximately fifty percent for which the costs were determined by estimates of the original costs. The total June 30, 2017 balance of capital assets for business-type activities are all valued at original cost. These estimated original costs were established by appraisals or deflated current replacement cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$1,000		
Land improvements	\$1,000	straight-line	20 years
Buildings	\$50,000	straight-line	50 years
Machinery and equipment	\$1,000	straight-line	4-20 years

Land, an inexhaustible capital asset, is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

f. Long-Term Liabilities:

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities consist primarily of compensated absences, capital outlay certificates payable and general obligation bonds payable.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

f. <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u>: (continued)

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities consist primarily of compensated absences, early retirement benefits payable, capital outlay certificates payable and general obligation bonds payable.

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources) and payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

g. Program Revenues:

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the School District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- 1. Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- 2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- 3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

h. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

i. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The School District pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. The enterprise funds have access to their cash resources on demand. Accordingly, all reported enterprise funds deposits and investment balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

j. Equity Classifications:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and is displayed in three components:

- 1. Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and may distinguish between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned or Unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity (except for Agency Funds, which have no fund equity) is reported as net position held in trust for other purposes.

k. Application of Net Position:

It is the School District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

1. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the School District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable – Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

Restricted – Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end.

Assigned – Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by School Board.

Unassigned – Includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The School District uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Government would first use assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The purpose of each major special revenue fund and revenue source is listed below:

Major Special Revenue Fund Revenue Source
Capital Outlay Fund Taxes

Capital Outlay Fund Taxes
Special Education Fund Taxes

m. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. School District contributions and net pension liability (asset) are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK:

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits – The School District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school funds to be invested in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a); or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) and repurchase agreements described in (b). Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires that investments shall be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

Interest Rate Risk – The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a mean of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the School District, as discusses above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of June 30, 2017, the school did not have investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. As of June 30, 2017, the School District did not have investments.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income from deposits and investments to the General Fund, except for the private-purpose trust fund(s) which retains its investment income. USGAAP, on the other hand, requires income form deposits and investments to be reported in the fund whose assets generated that income. Where the governing board has discretion to credit investment income to a fund other than the fund that provided the resources for investment, a transfer to the designated fund is reported. Accordingly, in the fund financial statements, interfund transfers of investment earnings are reported, while in the government-wide financial statements, they have been eliminated, except for the net amounts transferred between governmental activities and business-type activities. These interfund transfers are not violations of the statutory restrictions on interfund transfers.

3. PROPERTY TAX:

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District.

School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations, but which will not be collected during the current fiscal year or within the "availability period" has been deferred in the fund financial statements. Property tax revenues intended to finance the current year's appropriations, and therefore susceptible to accrual, has been reported as revenue in the government-wide financial statements, even though collection will occur in a future fiscal year.

4. RECIEVABLES AND PAYABLES:

Receivables and payables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The School District expects all receivables to be collected within one year. Amounts receivable and due from other governments include reimbursements for various programs. These amounts include \$260,241 for accounts receivable and \$702,758 for due from the state or federal government.

5. INVENTORY:

Inventory held for consumption is stated at cost. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list on the date of receipt.

In the government-wide financial statements and in the enterprise fund financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

In the governmental fund financial statements, inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Reported inventories are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance. No material inventories were on hand at June 30, 2017, for the governmental funds.

6. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS:

A summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	<i>Balance</i> 7/01/16	Increases	Decreases	<i>Balance</i> 6/30/17
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:				
Land	\$ 1,107,646	\$	\$	\$ 1,107,646
Construction in progress	8,809,931		(8,809,931)	
Total, not being depreciated	9,917,577		(8,809,931)	1,107,646
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	30,777,405	8,221,109		38,998,514
Improvements other than buildings	2,967,300	2,297,688		5,264,988
Machinery and equipment	6,064,603	607,707	(367,893)	6,304,417
Total, being depreciated	39,809,308	11,126,504	(367,893)	50,567,919
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	8,545,292	702,472		9,247,764
Improvements other than buildings	2,967,300	71,656		3,038,956
Machinery and equipment	4,022,724	470,264	(348,033)	4,144,955
Total accumulated depreciation	15,535,316	1,244,392	(348,033)	16,431,675
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	24,273,992	9,882,112	(19,860)	34,136,244
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 34,191,569	\$ 9,882,112	\$(8,829,791)	\$ 35,243,890

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:

Instruction	\$ 871,074
Support services	311,098
Co-curricular activities	62,220
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 1,244,392

6. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS: (continued)

	Balance 7/01/16	Increases	Decreases	<i>Balance</i> 6/30/17	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:					
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	\$ 13,900	\$	\$ (13,900)	\$	
Machinery and equipment	1,078,479	9,323	(463,208)	624,594	
Total, being depreciated	1,092,379	9,323	(477,108)	624,594	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	13,900		(13,900)		
Machinery and equipment	711,966	50,548	(455,870)	306,644	
Total accumulated depreciation	725,866	50,548	(469,770)	306,644	
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$ 366,513	\$ (41,225)	\$ (7,338)	\$ 317,950	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Rus	ines	s-type	activ	ities:
Dus	uico	$s^- \iota \gamma \rho \iota$	ucur	uucs.

Food service	\$ 48,999
Other enterprise funds	 1,549
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Business-Type Activities	\$ 50,548

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:

	Balance 7/01/2016	Balance acreases	 Decreases	Balance 6/30/2017	ount Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General obligation					
Bond:					
Series 2013	\$ 19,465,000	\$ 	\$ 505,000	\$ 18,960,000	\$ 520,000
Plus unamortized premium	1,733,994		75,390	1,658,604	75,390
Capital outlay certificates:					
Series 2016	5,685,000		400,000	5,285,000	480,000
Plus unamortized premium	157,014		17,446	139,568	17,446
Series 2013	1,725,000		80,000	1,645,000	80,000
Series 2012	435,000		290,000	145,000	145,000
Capital lease	121,827		121,827		
REED loan	240,000		30,000	210,000	30,000
SD Energy Efficient loan	1,459,400		145,940	1,313,460	145,940
Compensated absences	110,376	156,391	151,204	115,563	115,563
OPEB	376,677	111,698	126,882	361,493	
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 31,509,288	\$ 268,089	\$ 1,943,689	\$ 29,833,688	\$ 1,609,339

Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated from the General and Special Education Funds.

Business-type Activities:

	lance 1/2016	 alance creases	Dec	creases	olance 0/2017	W	unt Due Iithin e Year
Compensated Absences	\$ 8,456	\$ 9,246	\$	8,935	\$ 8,767	\$	8,767

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES: (continued)

Debt Payable at June 30, 2017 is comprised of the following:

General Obligation Bonds:

The School District issued \$20,195,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013. The bonds are payable on December 15, 2014 through June 15, 2039 with fixed interest rates from 2.0% to 5.0% that vary depending on the term of maturity. The Bond Redemption Fund makes payment on this debt.

\$ 18,960,000

Capital Outlay Certificates:

The School District issued \$5,840,000 of Capital Outlay Refunding Certificates, Series 2016. The certificates are payable on June 1, 2016 through June 1, 2026 with fixed interest rates from 0.85% to 3.5% that vary depending on the term of maturity. The Capital Outlay Fund makes payment on this debt.

5,285,000

The School District issued \$1,945,000 of Limited Tax General Obligation Certificates, Series 2013. The bonds are payable on December 1, 2013 through December 1, 2032 with fixed interest rate of 3.45%. The Capital Outlay Fund makes payment on this debt.

1,645,000

The School District issued \$1,140,000 of Capital Outlay Refunding Certificates, Series 2012 on April 26, 2012. The certificates are payable from August 1, 2012 through August 1, 2017 with fixed interest rates from .40% to 1.0% that vary depending on the term of maturity. The Capital Outlay Fund makes payments on this debt.

145,000

Rural Electric Economic Development Inc. loan:

The School District received a \$300,000, 0% REED loan on October 2, 2013. Annual payments of \$30,000 are due for 10 years beginning November 1, 2014. The Capital Outlay Fund makes payment on this debt.

210,000

SD Energy Efficient loan:

The School District received a \$1,459,400 0% SD Energy Efficiency loan on November 25, 2013. Annual payments of \$145,940 are due for 10 years beginning July 31, 2016. The Capital Outlay Fund makes payment on this debt.

1,313,460

Compensated Absences:

Payments for vested accrued vacation leave from the fund from which the employee is generally compensated.

124,330

Other Postemployment Benefits:

Obligations to individuals who are retired or will retire from the school district and who will receive postemployment benefits. Payments are to be made from the General Fund.

361,493

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES: (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the general obligation bonds, and capital outlay certificates outstanding at June 30, 2017, are as follows:

General Obligation Bonds

	Governmental Activities						
Year Ending June 30	P	rincipal		Interest		Total	
2018	\$	520,000	\$	900,737	\$	1,420,737	
2019		535,000		885,063		1,420,063	
2020		555,000		864,787		1,419,787	
2021		575,000		842,388		1,417,388	
2022		605,000		814,687		1,419,687	
2023-2027		3,465,000		3,639,188		7,104,188	
2028-2032		4,400,000		2,703,625		7,103,625	
2033-2037		5,630,000		1,471,750		7,101,750	
2038-2039		2,675,000		169,250		2,844,250	
	\$	18,960,000	\$	12,291,475	\$	31,251,475	

Capital Outlay Certificates

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest		Total		
2018	\$	705,000	\$	184,217	\$	889,217		
2019		645,000		175,133		820,133		
2020		650,000		164,624		814,624		
2021		665,000		151,154		816,154		
2022		680,000		88,050		768,050		
2023-2027		3,045,000		364,950		3,409,950		
2028-2032		615,000		71,846		686,846		
2033		70,000		1,207		71,207		
	\$	7,075,000	\$	1,201,181	\$	8,276,181		

Other Loans

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ending June 30		Principal	Inte	erest		Total		
2018	\$	175,940	\$		\$	175,940		
2019		175,940				175,940		
2020		175,940				175,940		
2021		175,940				175,940		
2022		175,940				175,940		
2023-2026		643,760				643,760		
	\$	1,523,460	\$		\$	1,523,460		

8. RESTRICTED NET POSITION:

Restricted Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Fund	Restricted By	 Amount
Capital outlay	Law	\$ 1,844,020
Special education	Law	774,258
Pension	Law	50,350
Debt services	Debt covenants	90,825
Auditorium	Law	11,949
SDRS Pension purposes	Law	3,325,444
Total Restricted Net P	osition	\$ 6,096,846

9. INTERFUND TRANSFERS:

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2017, consist of the following:

Transfers from the other governmental funds to the General Fund for income earned on	\$ 30,621
Transfer from Capital Outlay to General Fund for purposes of supplementing General Fund	\$ 300,000

10. PENSION PLAN:

a. Plan Information:

All employees, except for non-contracted staff, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System, (SDRS) a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivors' benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at http://www.sdrs.sd.gov/publications/ or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

10. PENSION PLAN: (continued)

b. Benefits Provided:

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A, Class B public safety and Class B judicial. Class A retirement benefits are determined as 1.7 percent prior to 2008 and 1.55 percent thereafter of the employee's final 3 year average compensation times the employee's years of service. Employees with 3 years of service are eligible to retire at age 55. Class B public safety benefits are determined as 2.4 percent for service prior to 2008 and 2.0 percent thereafter of employee final average compensation. Class B judicial benefits are determined as 3.733 percent for service prior to 2008 and 3.333 percent thereafter of employee final average compensation. All Class B employees with 3 years of service are eligible to retire at age 45. Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Three years of service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Death benefits are a percent of the employee's final average salary.

The annual increase in the amount of the SDRS benefits payable on each July 1st is indexed to the consumer price index (CPI) based on SDRS funded status:

- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 100% or more 3.1% COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 80.0% to 99.9%, index with the CPI
 - ^ 90.0% to 99.9% funded 2.1% minimum and 2.8% maximum COLA
 - ^ 80.0% to 90.0% funded 2.1% minimum and 2.4% maximum COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is less than 80% -- 2.1% COLA

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

c. Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. State statute also requires the employer to make an additional contribution in the amount of 6.2% for any compensation exceeding the maximum taxable amount for Social Security for general employees only. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015, were as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2017	\$ 878,314
2016	\$ 795,497
2015	\$ 743,368

10. PENSION PLAN: (continued)

d. <u>Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:</u>

At June 30, 2016, SDRS is 96.89% funded and accordingly has a net pension liability. The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension liability of South Dakota Retirement System, for the School District as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2016 and reported to the School District as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Proportionate share of pension liability	\$ 75,666,423
Less proportionate share of net pension restricted for pension benefits	 73,310,992
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 2,355,431

At June 30 2017, the School District reported a liability of \$2,355,431 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2016, the School District's proportion was .69730590%, which is a decrease of .00186509% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the School District recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$760,903. At June 30, 2017, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 819,978	\$
Changes in assumption	1,410,791	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	2,620,036	69,167
Changes in proportion and difference between District	20,922	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	878,314	
TOTAL	\$ 5,750,041	\$ 69,167

10. PENSION PLAN: (continued)

d. <u>Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions: (continued)</u>

\$878,314 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2018	\$ 1,297,015
2018	779,867
2018	1,642,317
2018	1,083,361
TOTAL	\$ 4,802,560

e. Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation
Salary Increases
5.83 percent at entry to 3.87 percent after 30 years of service
Investment Rate of Return
7.25 percent through 2017 and 7.50 percent thereafter, net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table for males and females, as appropriate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2011. The mortality assumptions were revised based on an extension of the experience study including mortality experience through June 30, 2013.

10. PENSION PLAN: (continued)

e. Actuarial Assumptions: (continued)

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global equity	58.0%	4.5%
Fixed income	30.0%	1.8%
Real estate	10.0%	4.6%
Cash TOTAL	2.0% 100.0%	0.7%

f. Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent through 2017 and 7.50% thereafter. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

10. PENSION PLAN: (continued)

g. Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent through 2017 and 7.50 percent thereafter, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25/6.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25/8.50%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
School District's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 13,180,960	\$ 2,355,431	\$ (6,473,950)		

h. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

i. Payables to the Pension Plan:

No payables were reported to the defined benefit plan at end of year.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended June 30, 2017, the School District managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The School District joined the South Dakota School District Health Benefits Fund. This is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The School District pays a monthly premium to the pool to provide health insurance coverage for its employees. The pool purchases reinsurance coverage with the premiums it receives from the members. The coverage does not have a maximum payment per person.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT: (continued)

Liability Insurance:

The School District joined the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Property and Liability Fund (ASBSD-PLF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota School Districts. The objective of ASBSD-PLF is to administer and provide risk management services and risk sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and provide them with risk management services, loss control and risk reduction information and to obtain lower costs for that coverage.

The School District's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the ASBSD-PLF to resolve any incident, which could result in a claim being made by or against the School District. The School District pays an annual premium to provide liability coverage detailed below, under a claims-made policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the ASBSD-PLF member, based on their exposure or type of coverage. The School District pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for: General Liability, Automobile Liability, Employee Benefits, School Board Liability, Sexual Harassment, Sexual Abuse, Loss Fund – Liability & Property, Employee Practices Liability, Property and Boiler & Machinery, Crime, and Excess Liability.

The agreement with the ASBSD-PLF provides that the above coverage's will be provided to a \$2,000,000 limit for General Liability, Automobile Liability, Employee Benefits, School Board Liability, Sexual Harassment, Sexual Abuse, and Employee Practices. Member premiums are used by the pool for payment of claims and to pay for reinsurance for claims in excess of \$100,000 to the upper limit. The School District carries a \$5,000 for auto damage, property damage, crime, boiler & machinery, \$10,000 school board legal liability with monetary demand, and \$5,000 without monetary demand deductibles.

The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Workers' Compensation:

The School District participates, with several other educational units and related organizations in South Dakota, in the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Workers' Compensation Fund Pool, which provided workers' compensation insurance coverage for participating members of the pool. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, of behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program.

The School District's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The School District pays an annual premium, to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees, under a retrospectively rated policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT: (continued)

Workers' Compensation (continued)

The School District may also be responsible for additional assessments in the event the pool is determined by its board of trustees to have inadequate reserves to satisfy current obligations or judgments. Additional assessments, if any, are to be determined on a prorated basis based upon each participant's percentage of contribution in relation to the total contributions to the pool of all participants for the year in which the shortfall occurs. The pool provides loss coverage to all participants through pool retained risk retention and through insurance coverage purchased by the pool in excess of the retained risk. The pool pays the first \$500,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance, which covers up to \$1,000,000 per individual per incident.

The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The School District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits. During the year ended June 30, 2017, claims of \$0 for unemployment benefits were paid.

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Huron School District. The OPEB Plan provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses as permitted by South Dakota Codified Law 6-1-16. Benefit provisions were established and may be amended during the negotiated agreement process between district certified staff and the governing board. The health plan does not issue separately stated stand-alone financial statements.

Funding policy – The District funds the other post-retirement benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Because the District does no use a trust fund to administer the financing of other postemployment benefits, no separate financial statements are required. The retired employee's monthly contributions are based on 100% of the full active employee premium rate plus a \$5.00 monthly fee.

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (continued)

Annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation – The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year an amortize and unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the financial components of the plan:

Governmental Activities

Annual required contribution	\$ 118,193
Interest on net OPEB obligation	15,820
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(22,315)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	111,698
Contributions made	(126,882)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	(15,184)
OPEB obligation - beginning	376,677
OPEB obligation - ending	\$ 361,493

The entity's annual OPEB cost data and net OPEB obligation was as follows:

Fiscal Year End	Annual PEB Cost	Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation	
6/30/2015	\$ 111,579	98.3%	\$ 385,507	
6/30/2016	\$ 111,545	107.9%	\$ 376,677	
6/30/2017	\$ 111,698	113.6%	\$ 361,493	

Funded Status – As of July 1, 2014 the most recent actuarial valuation date for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015, the District's unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$1,377,053. The annual payroll for active employees covered by the plan in the actuarial valuation for the 2016-2017 fiscal year was \$5,489,234 for a ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll of 22.9%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future, such as assumptions about future terminations, morality, and healthcare cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past experience and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial methods and assumptions – Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) an include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing o benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effect of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (continued)

In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a rate of 4.2% investment return and annual healthcare cost trend rate of 5%. Both rates include a 3% salary increase per year. The assumed claim costs were determined from the fully insured premiums and underlying claim experience of OPEB plans and actuarial age adjustment factors. The dental claims were assumed to be equal to the dental premiums.

13. EARLY RETIREMENT PLAN:

The district maintains an early retirement plan, which allows those meeting certain qualifications, to retire early and receive 65% to 80% of their salary received during their last full year of employment in one lump sum. Payment will be made to the South Dakota Retirement Special Pay Plan on behalf of the employee. All employees reaching the retirement age factor prior to September 1 of the next year are eligible to submit, in writing, a binding intent to elect early retirement, effective on the date the retiring employee reaches the retirement age factor. All retiring employees will receive the balance of their contractual salary on their last day of employment the Huron School District. If the employee elects retirement during the summer months, payment will be made within 45 days from the time the employee notifies the superintendent, in writing. In the fiscal year 2017 four retiring employees received benefits. The amount paid for such benefits during the year was \$142,199.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		ACTUAL AMOUNTS BUDGETARY		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE		
		RIGINAL	 FINAL		BASIS	(N	EGATIVE)
REVENUES:							
Revenue from Local Sources:							
Taxes:		4 6 7 3 0 0 0	4.553.000				(440.040)
Ad valorem taxes	\$	4,653,000	\$ 4,653,000	\$	4,533,957	\$	(119,043)
Prior years' ad valorem taxes		55,000	55,000		82,447		27,447
Tax deed revenue		8,000	8,000		1,171		(6,829)
Utility taxes		420,000	420,000		425,729		5,729
Penalties and interest on taxes		15,000	15,000		15,263		263
Revenue from Local Governmental Units							
Other Than LEAs:		40.000	40.000				(a. cam)
Revenue in lieu of taxes		10,000	10,000		7,373		(2,627)
Tuition and Fees:							
Regular day school tuition		100,000	100,000		117,283		17,283
Earnings on Investments and Deposits		50,000	50,000		29,767		(20,233)
Cocurricular Activities:							
Admissions		80,000	80,000		79,133		(867)
Other pupil activity income		22,000	22,000		23,216		1,216
Other Revenue from Local Sources:							
Rentals		50,000	50,000		43,610		(6,390)
Contributions and donations		12,000	12,000		12,456		456
Services Provided Other LEAs					15,138		15,138
Charges for services		90,000	90,000		40,479		(49,521)
Other		148,000	148,000		155,313		7,313
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:							
County Sources:							
County apportionment		240,000	240,000		234,324		(5,676)
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		3,000	3,000				(3,000)
Revenue from State Sources:							
Grants-in-Aid:							
Unrestricted grants-in-aid		9,848,000	9,848,000		10,237,553		389,553
Restricted grants-in-aid		1,000	1,000		662		(338)
Tuition:							
Regular		105,000	105,000		105,955		955
Revenue from Federal Sources:							
Grants-in-Aid:							
Restricted grants-in-aid seceived from							
federal government through the state		1,665,000	1,665,000		1,751,976		86,976
Other Federal Revenue		67,000	67,000		74,460		7,460
TOTAL REVENUE		17,642,000	17,642,000		17,987,265		345,265

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (CONTINUED)

Page		BUDGETED AMOUNTS		\boldsymbol{A}	ACTUAL AMOUNTS BUDGETARY		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE	
Regular Programs:		ORIGINAL		FINAL		BASIS	(NE	GATIVE)
Regular Programs: 4,269,000 \$ 4,336,100 \$ 4,335,114 \$ 98 Hiddeljanior high 1,984,500 1,984,500 1,984,506 1,984,506 1,984,506 1,984,506 1,986,688 4,942 Preschool services - 4,000 3,610 390 Special Programs: - 4,000 3,610 390 Culturally different 82,090 820,990 802,944 17.956 Support Services: - - 174,000 29,234 211,046 Support Services: - - - 173,237 763 Gidiance 419,200 422,200 418,820 4,800 Heath 94,100 422,200 418,820 4,802 Heath 5,000 538,320 372,209 10,922 Heath 5,000 538,320 372,209 10,223 Guidance 69,100 650,100 679,807 42,293 Guidance 1,145,00 199,500 192,236 7,264							·	_
Elementary								
Middle/junion bigh 1,984,500 1,784,500 1,785,757 1,60,04 Preschool services — 4,000 3,610 390 Special Programs: — 4,000 3,610 390 Culturally different 82,090 820,900 802,944 17.956 Educationally deprived 1,35,000 1,35,000 92,954 211,046 Support Services: — — — — Full — 174,000 173,237 763 Guidance 419,200 422,200 418,820 4,880 Health 94,100 98,100 80,803 62 Pychological 5,600 383,200 372,209 10,911 Improvement of instruction 265,700 650,100 607,807 42,233 General Administration: 262,000 235,813 487 Board of education 114,500 199,500 22,236 7,264 Executive administration: 235,000 325,000 235,813 487	9 9							
High school 2,747,800 2,752,5076 16,024 Preschool services – 4,000 3,010 390 Special Programs: 1,135,000 820,904 21,046 Educationally deprived 1,135,000 1,135,000 923,954 211,046 Support Services: Particular 820,900 1,135,000 923,954 211,046 Guidance 419,200 423,200 418,820 4380 4380 Health 94,100 98,100 98,038 62 Psychological 5,000 5,000 173 48,27 Intractional Staff: 1 66,700 883,200 372,209 10,91 Educational intraflex 363,100 680,100 697,807 42,229 General Administration 174,500 199,500 192,236 7,264 Executive administration 174,500 29,500 23,513 487 Schemanic Administration 174,500 290,000 23,513 487 Schemanic Services 339,00	· ·	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
Preschool services — 4,000 3,610 39 Special Programs: Culturally different 820,900 820,900 822,954 17,556 Educationally deprived 1,135,000 1,335,000 923,954 211,046 Support Services: — 174,000 173,227 7.63 Guidance 419,200 423,200 418,820 4.886 Health 94,100 98,100 98,038 6.2 Psychological 5,000 5,000 173 4.827 Intractional Staff: — 1 1,000 5,000 607,807 42,293 Educational media 639,100 659,100 607,807 42,293 10,991 Educational media 174,500 199,500 192,236 7.264 12,293 General Administration: 216,600 235,200 235,813 487 8 Office of the principal 816,700 335,200 323,772 1,485 1,485 Basian Services 379,900 379,000 </td <td>• •</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>, -</td>	• •							, -
Special Programs: Sup. S	9	2,747,800						,
Culturally different 82,000 82,040 802,944 17,556 Educationally deprived 1,135,000 1,35,000 23,954 211,046 Support Services: Pupilis: Attendance and social work — 174,000 413,200 418,820 4,880 Health 94,100 98,100 98,038 62 Psychological 5,000 5,000 173 4,827 Intractional Staff: 366,700 383,200 372,209 10,991 Educational media 636,700 365,100 607,807 42,293 General Administration: Cleared Administration: Executive administration: 226,200 236,300 235,813 487 Office of the principal 816,700 816,700 795,505 21,195 Other 335,200 335,200 323,752 1,448 Business 3 30,000 21,819 4,48 Business 3 30,000 21,819 4,48 4,40				4,000		3,610		390
Educationally deprived 1,135,000 1,135,000 923,954 211,046 Support Services: Pupilis:		920 000		920 000		902 044		17.056
Pupp Support Services: Pupp Support Services: Pupp Support Services: Pupp Support Services: Support Services	· ·	,				,		,
Papils:	, <u>,</u>	1,155,000		1,133,000		723,734		211,040
Attendance and social work 419,200 423,200 418,320 4,380 Health 94,100 98,100 98,038 6.2 Psychological 5,000 5,000 173 4,827 Instructional Staff; 383,200 372,209 10,991 Educational media 639,100 650,100 67,807 42,293 General Administration: 174,500 199,500 122,36 7,264 Executive administration: 226,300 235,813 487 School Administration: 21,950 315,200 235,813 487 Office of the principal 816,700 816,700 795,505 21,195 Other 325,200 323,752 1,448 Business: 379,900 379,900 336,360 16,300 Fiscal services 379,900 379,900 2,767,700 21,670 Pupil transportation 713,500 71,500 687,902 26,408 Food services 50,000 71,500 687,902 26,408 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>								
Guidance 419,200 423,200 418,820 4,880 Psychological 5,000 5,000 173 4,827 Instructional Steff: 35,000 5,000 173 4,827 Improvement of instruction 36,6700 383,200 372,209 10,991 Educational media 639,100 650,100 670,807 42,293 General Administration: 226,300 235,813 487 School Administration: 325,200 235,813 487 Office of the principal 816,700 795,505 21,195 Other 335,200 323,752 1,448 Business: 379,000 379,900 363,600 16,300 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,01,400 2,200,400 2,178,730 21,767 Pupil transportation 713,500 37,900 363,600 16,300 Food services 39,000 72,641 359 Central: 3,000 1,545 1,455 Contral: 3,000 1,545	*			174 000		173 237		763
Health		419,200						
Psychological		,				,		
Instructional Staff:	Psychological							4,827
Improvement of instruction		*						ŕ
Board Administration: 174,500 199,500 192,236 7,264 Executive administration 226,300 235,813 487 School Administration:		366,700		383,200		372,209		10,991
Board of education 174,500 199,500 192,236 7,264 Executive administration: 226,300 236,300 235,813 487 Coffice of the principal 816,700 3816,700 795,505 21,195 Other 325,200 323,752 14,48 Business: 379,900 379,900 36,600 16,300 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,021,400 2,200,400 2,178,730 21,670 Pupil transportation 713,500 73,500 687,092 26,408 Food services 50,000 73,000 72,641 359 Central: 3,000 3,000 1,545 1,455 Community Services: 8 8 8 667,092 72,641 359 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 1,545 1,455 Custody and care of children 5,000 150,000 11,272 728 Payments to state- unemployment 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Early retirement paymen	Educational media	639,100		650,100		607,807		42,293
Executive administration	General Administration:							
School Administration: 816,700 816,700 795,505 21,195 Office of the principal 816,700 325,200 323,752 1,448 Business: 379,900 379,900 363,600 16,300 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,021,400 2,200,400 2,178,730 21,670 Pupil transportation 713,500 73,900 72,641 359 Food services 50,000 73,000 72,641 359 Central: 3,000 3,000 1,545 1,455 Community Services: 8 16,500 35,500 34,964 536 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 141,723 8,277 Nonprogrammed Charges: 8 8 160,000 160,000 141,723 8,277 Nonprogrammed Charges: 8 8 160,000 5,000 141,272 728 Nonprogrammed Charges: 8 8 160,000 5,000 - 5,000 Early retirement payments 160,000<	Board of education	174,500		199,500		192,236		7,264
Office of the principal Office \$16,700 \$16,700 \$79,505 \$21,195 Other 325,200 325,200 323,752 1,448 Business: 379,900 379,900 363,600 16,300 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,021,400 2,200,400 2,178,733 21,670 Pupil transportation 713,500 73,000 72,641 35 Food services 50,000 73,000 72,641 35 Central: 3,000 3,000 1,545 1,455 Community Services: 8 8 3,000 34,964 536 Custody and care of children 16,500 35,500 34,964 536 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 141,723 82,77 Nonprogrammed Charges: 8	Executive administration	226,300		236,300		235,813		487
Other 325,200 325,200 323,752 1,448 Business: Business: 379,900 379,900 363,600 16,300 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,021,400 2,200,400 2,178,730 21,670 Pupil transportation 713,500 713,500 687,092 26,408 Food services 50,000 73,000 72,641 359 Central: 3,000 3,000 1,545 1,455 Community Services: 8 8 8 9 4 536 Custody and care of children 16,500 35,500 34,964 536 6 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 14,1723 8,277 Nonprogrammed Charges: 8 8 7 7 8 8 7 8 9 5,000 5 00 - 5,000 5 00 - 5,000 5 00 - 5,000 5 00 - 5,000 - 5,000 - 5,000<								
Business: 379,900 379,900 363,600 16,300 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,021,400 2,200,400 2,178,730 21,670 Pupil transportation 713,500 713,500 687,092 26,408 Food services 50,000 73,000 72,641 359 Central: 3,000 3,000 1,545 1,455 Community Services: 8 8 1,550 34,964 536 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 141,723 8,277 Nonprogrammed Charges: 8 8 141,272 728 Nonprogrammed Charges: 9 41,272 728 Nonprogrammed Charges: 8 160,000 5,000 - 5,000 Early retirement payments 160,000 5,000 - 5,000 Early retirement payments 336,800 344,900 339,059 5,841 Female activities 336,800 344,900 339,059 5,841 Female activities 267,600<		,				,		,
Fiscal services 379,900 379,900 363,600 16,300 Operation and maintenance of plant 2,021,400 2,200,400 2,178,730 21,670 Pupil transportation 135,500 713,500 687,092 26,408 Food services 50,000 73,000 72,641 359 Central: Staff 3,000 3,000 1,545 1,455 Community Services: Recreation 16,500 35,500 34,964 536 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 141,723 8,277 Nonprogrammed Charges: - 42,000 41,272 728 Nonprogrammed Charges: - 42,000 - 5,000 Early retirement payments 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Early retirement payments 5,000 34,900 39,059 5,841 Female activities: 336,800 344,900 339,059 5,841 Female activities 315,700 319,800		325,200		325,200		323,752		1,448
Operation and maintenance of plant 2,021,400 2,200,400 2,178,730 21,670 Pupil transportation 713,500 73,500 687,092 26,488 Food services 50,000 73,000 72,641 359 Central: 3,000 3,000 1,545 1,455 Community Services: 8 8 1,545 1,455 Control and a care of children 16,500 35,500 34,964 536 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 141,723 8,277 Nonprogrammed Charges: 8 8 727 728 Nonprogrammed Charges: 8 8 727 728 Nonprogrammed Charges: 8 8 72 728 Nonprogrammed Charges: 8 8 72 72 728 Nonprogrammed Charges: 8 8 8 8 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
Pupil transportation 713,500 713,500 687,092 26,408 Food services 50,000 73,000 72,641 359 Central: Staff 3,000 3,000 1,545 1,455 Community Services: 16,500 35,500 34,964 536 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 141,723 8,277 Nonprogrammed Charges: 70,000 41,272 728 Payments to state - unemployment 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Early retirement payments 160,000 160,000 - 160,000 Courricular Activities: 336,800 344,900 339,059 5,841 Female activities 315,700 319,800 299,237 20,563 Combined activities 267,600 271,600 246,534 25,666 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 18,444,000 19,063,200 18,426,843 636,357 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (802,000) (1,421,200) (439,578) 981,622		,				,		,
Food services 50,000 73,000 72,641 359 Central: 3,000 3,000 1,545 1,455 Community Services: 8 16,500 35,500 34,964 536 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 141,723 8,277 Nonprogrammed Charges: - 42,000 41,272 728 Nonprogrammed Charges: - 42,000 5,000 - 5,000 Early retirement payments 160,000 5,000 - - 5,000 Early retirement payments 336,800 344,900 339,059 5,841 Female activities 335,800 344,900 339,059 5,841 Female activities								
Central:								
Staff 3,000 3,000 1,545 1,455 Community Services: Recreation 16,500 35,500 34,964 536 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 141,723 8,277 Nonpublic school - 42,000 41,272 728 Nonprogrammed Charges: - 42,000 41,272 728 Payments to state - unemployment 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Early retirement payments 160,000 160,000 - 5,000 Early retirement payments 336,800 344,900 339,059 5,841 Female activities 336,800 344,900 339,059 5,841 Female activities 315,700 319,800 299,237 20,563 Combined activities 267,600 271,600 246,534 25,066 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 18,444,000 19,063,200 18,426,843 636,357 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (802,000) (1,421,200) (439,578) 981,622		50,000		73,000		72,641		359
Community Services: Recreation 16,500 35,500 34,964 536 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 141,723 8,277 Nonpublic school		2 000		2 000		1 5 4 5		1 455
Recreation 16,500 35,500 34,964 536 Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 141,723 8,277 Nonproblic school - 42,000 41,272 728 Nonprogrammed Charges: - 42,000 41,272 728 Payments to state - unemployment 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Early retirement payments 160,000 160,000 - 160,000 Courticular Activities: 336,800 344,900 339,059 5,841 Female activities 315,700 319,800 299,237 20,563 Combined activities 267,600 271,600 246,534 25,066 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 18,444,000 19,063,200 18,426,843 636,357 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (802,000) (1,421,200) (439,578) 981,622 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: 340,000 340,000 330,621 (9,379) Sale of surplus property 25,000 25,000 9,107 (15,893)		3,000		3,000		1,545		1,455
Custody and care of children 150,000 150,000 141,723 8,277 Nonpublic school - 42,000 41,272 728 Nonprogrammed Charges: - 42,000 41,272 728 Payments to state - unemployment 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Early retirement payments 160,000 160,000 - 160,000 Courricular Activities: 336,800 344,900 339,059 5,841 Female activities 315,700 319,800 299,237 20,563 Combined activities 267,600 271,600 246,534 25,066 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 18,444,000 19,063,200 18,426,843 636,357 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (802,000) (1,421,200) (439,578) 981,622 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: - - - 400 400 Sale of surplus property 25,000 340,000 330,621 (9,379) Sale of surplus property 25,000 35,000 340,128 (24,87		16 500		25 500		24 064		5 26
Nonpublic school 42,000 41,272 728 Nonprogrammed Charges: 42,000 5,000 5,000 Early retirement payments 160,000 160,000 160,000 Cocurricular Activities: 336,800 344,900 339,059 5,841 Female activities 315,700 319,800 299,237 20,563 Combined activities 267,600 271,600 246,534 25,066 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 18,444,000 19,063,200 18,426,843 636,357 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (802,000) (1,421,200) (439,578) 981,622 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 340,000 340,000 330,621 (9,379) Sale of surplus property 25,000 25,000 9,107 (15,893) Compensation for loss of capital assets - - - 400 400 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 365,000 365,000 340,128 (24,872) Net Change in Fund Balances						- /		
Nonprogrammed Charges: Payments to state - unemployment 5,000 5,000 5,000 Early retirement payments 160,000 160,000 160,000 Courricular Activities: 336,800 344,900 339,059 5,841 Female activities 315,700 319,800 299,237 20,563 Combined activities 267,600 271,600 246,534 25,066 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 18,444,000 19,063,200 18,426,843 636,357 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (802,000) (1,421,200) (439,578) 981,622 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 340,000 340,000 330,621 (9,379) Sale of surplus property 25,000 25,000 9,107 (15,893) Compensation for loss of capital assets - - 400 400 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 365,000 365,000 340,128 (24,872) Net Change in Fund Balances (437,000) (1,056,200) (99,450) 956,750 FUND BA	·	150,000						- /
Payments to state - unemployment 5,000 5,000 5,000 Early retirement payments 160,000 160,000 160,000 Cocurricular Activities: 336,800 344,900 339,059 5,841 Male activities 315,700 319,800 299,237 20,563 Combined activities 267,600 271,600 246,534 25,066 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 18,444,000 19,063,200 18,426,843 636,357 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (802,000) (1,421,200) (439,578) 981,622 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 340,000 340,000 330,621 (9,379) Sale of surplus property 25,000 25,000 9,107 (15,893) Compensation for loss of capital assets 400 400 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 365,000 365,000 340,128 (24,872) Net Change in Fund Balances (437,000) (1,056,200) (99,450) 956,750 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year <	•			12,000		41,272		720
Early retirement payments 160,000 160,000 — 160,000 Cocurricular Activities: 336,800 344,900 339,059 5,841 Female activities 315,700 319,800 299,237 20,563 Combined activities 267,600 271,600 246,534 25,066 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 18,444,000 19,063,200 18,426,843 636,357 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (802,000) (1,421,200) (439,578) 981,622 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 340,000 340,000 330,621 (9,379) Sale of surplus property 25,000 25,000 9,107 (15,893) Compensation for loss of capital assets — — — 400 400 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 365,000 365,000 340,128 (24,872) Net Change in Fund Balances (437,000) (1,056,200) (99,450) 956,750 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 -		5,000		5,000				5,000
Cocurricular Activities: Male activities 336,800 344,900 339,059 5,841 Female activities 315,700 319,800 299,237 20,563 Combined activities 267,600 271,600 246,534 25,066 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 18,444,000 19,063,200 18,426,843 636,357 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (802,000) (1,421,200) (439,578) 981,622 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 340,000 340,000 330,621 (9,379) Sale of surplus property 25,000 25,000 9,107 (15,893) Compensation for loss of capital assets — — 400 400 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 365,000 365,000 340,128 (24,872) Net Change in Fund Balances (437,000) (1,056,200) (99,450) 956,750 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 -								,
Male activities 336,800 344,900 339,059 5,841 Female activities 315,700 319,800 299,237 20,563 Combined activities 267,600 271,600 246,534 25,066 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 18,444,000 19,063,200 18,426,843 636,357 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (802,000) (1,421,200) (439,578) 981,622 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 340,000 340,000 330,621 (9,379) Sale of surplus property 25,000 25,000 9,107 (15,893) Compensation for loss of capital assets — — — 400 400 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 365,000 365,000 340,128 (24,872) Net Change in Fund Balances (437,000) (1,056,200) (99,450) 956,750 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 -		,		,				,
Combined activities 267,600 271,600 246,534 25,066 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 18,444,000 19,063,200 18,426,843 636,357 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (802,000) (1,421,200) (439,578) 981,622 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 340,000 340,000 330,621 (9,379) Sale of surplus property 25,000 25,000 9,107 (15,893) Compensation for loss of capital assets — — — 400 400 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 365,000 365,000 340,128 (24,872) Net Change in Fund Balances (437,000) (1,056,200) (99,450) 956,750 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 -		336,800		344,900		339,059		5,841
Combined activities 267,600 271,600 246,534 25,066 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 18,444,000 19,063,200 18,426,843 636,357 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (802,000) (1,421,200) (439,578) 981,622 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 340,000 340,000 330,621 (9,379) Sale of surplus property 25,000 25,000 9,107 (15,893) Compensation for loss of capital assets — — — 400 400 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 365,000 365,000 340,128 (24,872) Net Change in Fund Balances (437,000) (1,056,200) (99,450) 956,750 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 -	Female activities	315,700		319,800		299,237		20,563
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 18,444,000 19,063,200 18,426,843 636,357 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (802,000) (1,421,200) (439,578) 981,622 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 340,000 340,000 330,621 (9,379) Sale of surplus property 25,000 25,000 9,107 (15,893) Compensation for loss of capital assets — — 400 400 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 365,000 365,000 340,128 (24,872) Net Change in Fund Balances (437,000) (1,056,200) (99,450) 956,750 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 -								
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (802,000) (1,421,200) (439,578) 981,622 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 340,000 340,000 330,621 (9,379) Sale of surplus property 25,000 25,000 9,107 (15,893) 25,000 400 400 400 400 Compensation for loss of capital assets 400 400 400 400 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 365,000 365,000 340,128 (24,872) (24,872) Net Change in Fund Balances (437,000) (1,056,200) (99,450) 956,750 956,750 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 - 2,673,990 -		 						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 340,000 340,000 330,621 (9,379) Sale of surplus property 25,000 25,000 9,107 (15,893) Compensation for loss of capital assets - - 400 400 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 365,000 365,000 340,128 (24,872) Net Change in Fund Balances (437,000) (1,056,200) (99,450) 956,750 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 -		 					-	
Transfers in Sale of surplus property 340,000 25,000 25,000 9,107 (15,893) (15,893) Compensation for loss of capital assets - - - 400 400 400 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 365,000 365,000 340,128 (24,872) (24,872) Net Change in Fund Balances (437,000) (1,056,200) (99,450) 956,750 956,750 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990 3,793,990 -	Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	 (802,000)		(1,421,200)		(439,578)		981,622
Sale of surplus property 25,000 25,000 9,107 (15,893) Compensation for loss of capital assets 400 400 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 365,000 365,000 340,128 (24,872) Net Change in Fund Balances (437,000) (1,056,200) (99,450) 956,750 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:							
Sale of surplus property 25,000 25,000 9,107 (15,893) Compensation for loss of capital assets 400 400 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 365,000 365,000 340,128 (24,872) Net Change in Fund Balances (437,000) (1,056,200) (99,450) 956,750 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990	Transfers in	340,000		340,000		330,621		(9,379)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 365,000 365,000 340,128 (24,872) Net Change in Fund Balances (437,000) (1,056,200) (99,450) 956,750 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990	Sale of surplus property	25,000		25,000		9,107		(15,893)
Net Change in Fund Balances (437,000) (1,056,200) (99,450) 956,750 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year 2,673,990 2,673,990 2,673,990	Compensation for loss of capital assets	 				400		400
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year 2,673,990 2,673,990	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	 365,000		365,000		340,128		(24,872)
	Net Change in Fund Balances	(437,000)		(1,056,200)		(99,450)		956,750
FUND BALANCE, End of Year \$ 2,236,990 \$ 1,617,790 \$ 2,574,540 \$ 956,750	FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	 2,673,990		2,673,990		2,673,990		<u> </u>
	FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 2,236,990	\$	1,617,790	\$	2,574,540	\$	956,750

The accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of these financial statements.

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		DUDGETER) AMOU	IN ITES	AM	CTUAL IOUNTS	FINAL	NCE WITH
		BUDGETEL RIGINAL		FINAL	BUDGETARY BASIS		POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES:		RIGINAL		FINAL		DASIS	(IVE	GATIVE)
Revenue from Local Sources:								
Taxes:								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	3,328,000	\$	3,328,000	\$	3,314,776	\$	(13,224)
Prior years' ad valorem taxes		20,000		20,000		41,197		21,197
Tax deed revenue				-		65		65
Penalties and interest on taxes		5,000		5,000		9,150		4,150
Earnings on Investments and Deposits						19,780		19,780
Other Revenue From Local Sources:								
Contributions and donations						10,000		10,000
TOTAL REVENUES		3,353,000		3,353,000		3,394,968		41,968
EXPENDITURES:								
Instruction:								
Regular Programs:								
Elementary		315,000		316,000		315,501		499
Middle/junior high		193,000		193,000		192,416		584
High school		214,000		214,000		211,656		2,344
Special Programs:								
Programs for special education Instructional Staff:		4,000		4,000		1,800		2,200
Improvement of institution		2,000		2,000				
Educational media		183,000		183,000		2,000		6,427
General Administration:						176,573		
Board of education		5,000		7,000				176
Executive administration		2,000		2,000		6,824		
School Administration:						2,000		
Other		9,000		9,000				68
Business:		= 000		= 000		8,932		
Fiscal services		5,000		5,000		7 000		
Facililites acquisition and construction		2,850,000		2,850,000		5,000		700,199
Operation and maintenance of plant Pupil transportation		349,000 408,000		349,000 408,000		2,149,801 316,698		32,302 10,466
Food services		25,000		25,000		397,534		10,400
Internal services		15,000		15,000		24,996		4
						15,000		
Debt Services		1,274,000		1,274,000		4.467.700		8,292
Cocurricular Activities:		50.000		04.000		1,265,708		
Combined activities		50,000		94,000		02.040		52
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,903,000		5,950,000		93,948 5,186,387		763,613
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,550,000)		(2,597,000)		2,100,007		805,581
						(1,791,419)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Transfers out		(300,000)		(300,000)				(19,780)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		(300,000)		(300,000)				(339,560)
	<u></u>					(319,780)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,850,000)		(2,897,000)		(2,111,199)		466,021
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	<u> </u>	3,955,221		3,955,221				
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$	1,105,221	\$	1,058,221		3,955,221	\$	466,021
-			-		\$	1,844,022		
						-,0,022		

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		D AMOUNTS	ACTUAL AMOUNTS BUDGETARY	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	BASIS	(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES:					
Revenue from Local Sources:					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,378,000	\$ 1,378,000	\$ 1,480,989	\$ 102,989	
Prior years' ad valorem taxes	10,000	10,000	15,967	5,967	
Tax deed revenue			23	23	
Penalties and interest on taxes	3,000	3,000	3,562	562	
Tuition and Fees:					
Regular day school tuition			2,554	2,554	
Earnings on Investments and Deposits		-	8,675	8,675	
Other Revenue from Local Sources:					
Services provided other school districts			380	380	
Charges for services	80,000	80,000	153,972	73,972	
Other	2,000	2,000	681	(1,319)	
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:					
Revenue from State Sources:					
Grants-in-Aid:					
Restricted grants-in-aid	1,830,000	1,830,000	1,740,939	(89,061)	
Revenue from Federal Sources:					
Grants-in-Aid:					
Restricted grants-in-aid received from					
federal government through the state	626,000	626,000	669,394	43,394	
TOTAL REVENUES	3,929,000	3,929,000	4,077,136	148,136	
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction:					
Special Programs:					
Programs for special education	2,843,800	2,952,800	2,862,390	90,410	
Support Services:	2,012,000	2,502,000	2,002,000	70,110	
Pupils:					
Attendance and social work	29,800	29,800	26,841	2,959	
Guidance	14,700	14,700	12,069	2,631	
Health	96,800	96,800	95,542	1,258	
Psychological	219,100	225,100	222,389	2,711	
Speech pathology	351,100	460,100	459,412	688	
Student therapy services	134,500	151,500	150,924	576	
Instructional Staff:	134,300	131,300	130,924	370	
Improvement of instruction	22,000	22,000	2,031	19,969	
•	22,000	22,000	2,031	19,909	
School Administration:	176 000	176 000		177,000	
Office of principal	176,000	176,000		176,000	
Business:	0.000	06.200		06.200	
Pupil transportation	86,200	86,200	-	86,200	
Special Education:				40	
Administrative costs		174,000	173,952	48	
Transportation costs		110,000	109,859	141	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,974,000	4,499,000	4,115,409	383,591	
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(45,000)	(570,000)	(38,273)	531,727	
OTHER FINANCING USES:					
Transfers out			(8,675)	(8,675)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES			(8,675)	(8,675)	
TOTAL OTHER PHANCHIO USES		-	(0,0/5)	(0,0/5)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(45,000)	(570,000)	(46,948)	523,052	
EUND BALANCE Designation CV	031 305	004 005	001 205		
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	821,207	821,207	821,207	0 522.052	
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 776,207	\$ 251,207	\$ 774,259	\$ 523,052	

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2017

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING:

The School District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year the school board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- b. The proposed budget is considered by the school board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- c. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
- d. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- e. Before October 1 of each year, the school board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except fiduciary funds.
- f. After adoption by the school board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in letter h.
- g. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total school district budget and may be transferred by resolution of the school board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year. No amount of expenditures may be charged directly to the contingency line item in the budget.
- h. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets when moneys are available to increase legal spending authority.
- i. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board.
- j. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds.
- k. Budgets for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2017

2. USGAAP/BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING BASIS DIFFERENCES:

The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new school bus would be reported as a capital outlay expenditure on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, however in the Budgetary RSI Schedule, the purchase of a school bus would be reported as an expenditure of the Support Services-Business/Pupil Transportation function of government, along with all other current Pupil Transportation related expenditures.

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS JUNE 30, 2017

			UN	FUNDED					
			AC	TUARIAL					UAAL AS A
	ACTUARIAL	ACTUARIAL	A	CCRUED					PERCENTAGE
ACTUARIAL	VALUE OF	ACCRUED	LI	ABILITY	FUNDED		\boldsymbol{c}	OVERED	OF COVERED
VALUATION	ASSETS	LIABILITY	((UAAL)	RATIO		P	PAYROLL	<i>PAYROLL</i>
DATE	(a)	(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)			(c)	[(b-a)/c]
7/1/2008		Unit Credit	\$	1,255,139	0.	.00%	\$	5,489,234	22.90%
7/1/2011		Unit Credit		1,599,173	0.	.00%		4,844,183	32.20%
7/1/2014		Unit Credit		1,377,053	0.	.00%		10,560,892	13.00%

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2017			2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	878,314	\$	795,497	\$	743,368
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		878,314		795,497		743,368
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1	4,618,234	\$ 1	3,258,233	\$ 1	2,389,467
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.00%		6.00%		6.00%

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) OF THE SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.6973059%	0.6786550%	0.6877786%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,355,431	\$ (2,878,370)	\$ (4,955,164)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$13,258,233	\$12,389,436	\$ 12,027,350
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	17.77%	-23.23%	-41.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	96.89%	104.10%	107.29%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	FEDERAL CFDA	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING	PASSED THROUGH TO	FEDERAL
FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	NUMBER	NUMBER	SUBRECIPIENTS	EXPENDITURES
US Department of Agriculture: Pass-Through the SD Department of Education Child nutrition cluster:				
School Breakfast Program (Note 3)	10.553	N/A		\$ 187,311
National School Lunch Program (Note 3)	10.555	N/A		754,472
National School Lunch Program - commodities	10.555	N/A		109,344
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	N/A		51,224
Total for Child Nutrition Cluster				1,102,351
Other Programs:				
Team Nutrition Grants	10.574	N/A		552
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	N/A		72,641
Total for Other Programs				73,193
Total US Department of Agriculture				1,175,544
General Services Administration: Pass-Through the SD Federal Property Agency:				
Donation of Federal Surplus Personal Property (Note 4) Total General Services Administration	39.003	N/A		16,354 16,354
US Department of Education: Pass-Through the SD Department of Education: Early Intervention Services (IDEA) Cluster: Special education - grants to states (Note 2) Total for Early Intervention Services (IDEA) Cluster	84.181	H181A150091		1,312 1,312
Other Programs:				
Migrant education - state grant program	84.011	N/A		278,619
Career and technical education	84.048	VO48A150041		40,164
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	N/A		873,424
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	N/A		142,639
Rural Education	84.358	N/A		34,709
English language acquisition grants (Title III)	84.365	S365A150041		138,728
Improving teacher quality state grants Total for Department of Education Other Programs	84.367	N/A		170,500 1,678,783
Special Education Cluster:				1,070,703
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A150091		657,449
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A150091		10,633
Total for Special Education Cluster				668,082
Total US Department of Education				2,348,177
Department of Health and Human Service: Pass-Through Luthern Social Services Of South Dakota:				
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - Discretionary Grants	93.576	90ZE0195	74,460	74,460
Total Department of Health and Human Service			74,460	74,460
GRAND TOTAL			\$ 74,460	\$ 3,614,535

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (CONTINUED)

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The School District has elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance

Note 3: Federal Reimbursement

Federal reimbursements are not based upon specific expenditures. Therefore, the amounts reported here represent cash received rather than federal expenditures.

Note 4: Federal Surplus Property

The amount reported represents 23.3% of the original acquisition cost of the federal surplus property received by the School District. (Original acquisition cost is provided by Federal Surplus Property. It is not what the school actually paid for the item.)

HURON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2-2 SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2017

Board Members:

Tim Van Berkum - President David Wheeler - Vice President Garret Bischoff Shelly Siemonsma Craig Lee

Superintendent:

Terry Nebelsick

Business Manager:

Kelly Christopherson